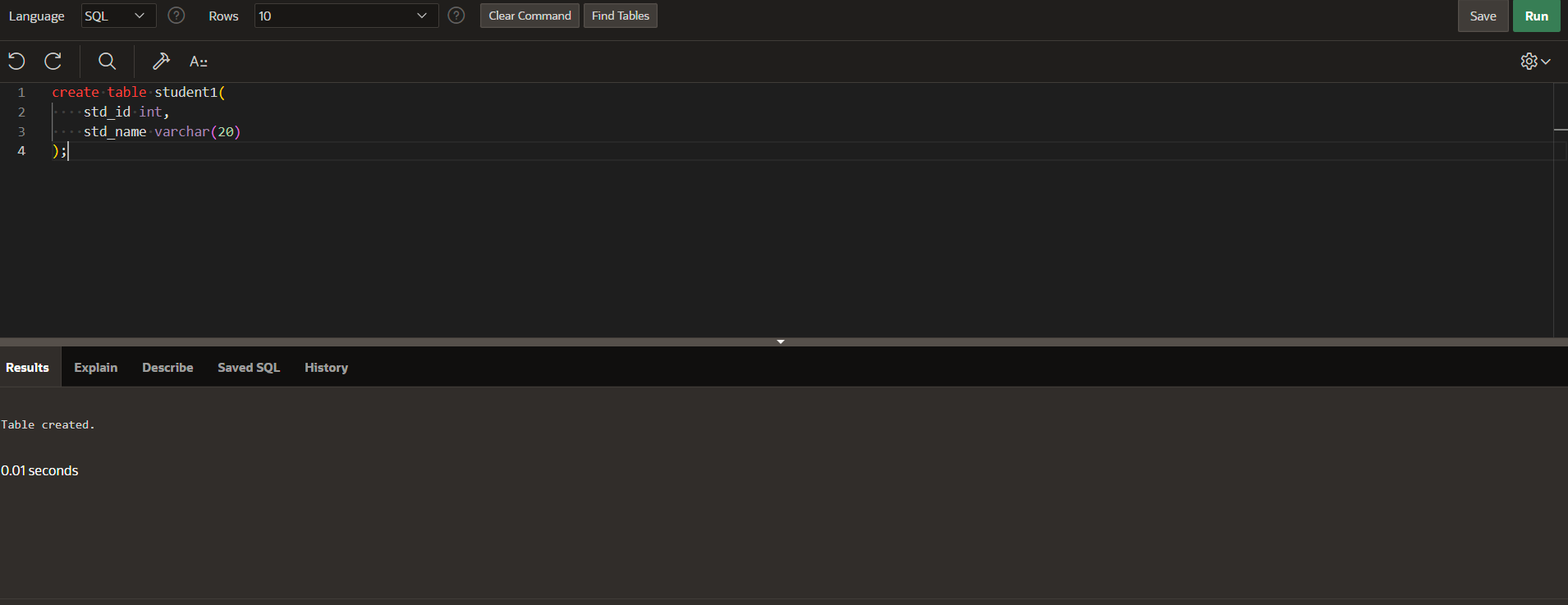
***Performing SQL basic commands***

* **Creating A Table:**

create table student1(

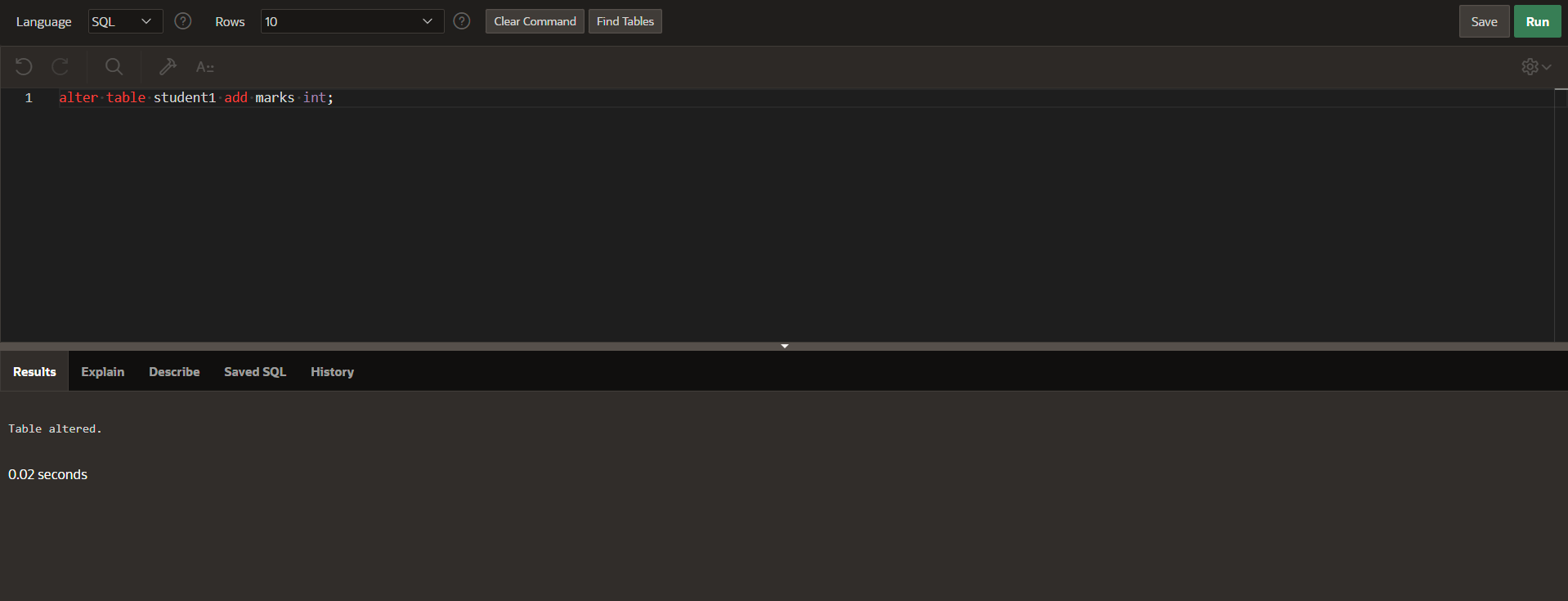
std\_id int,

std\_name varchar(20)

);

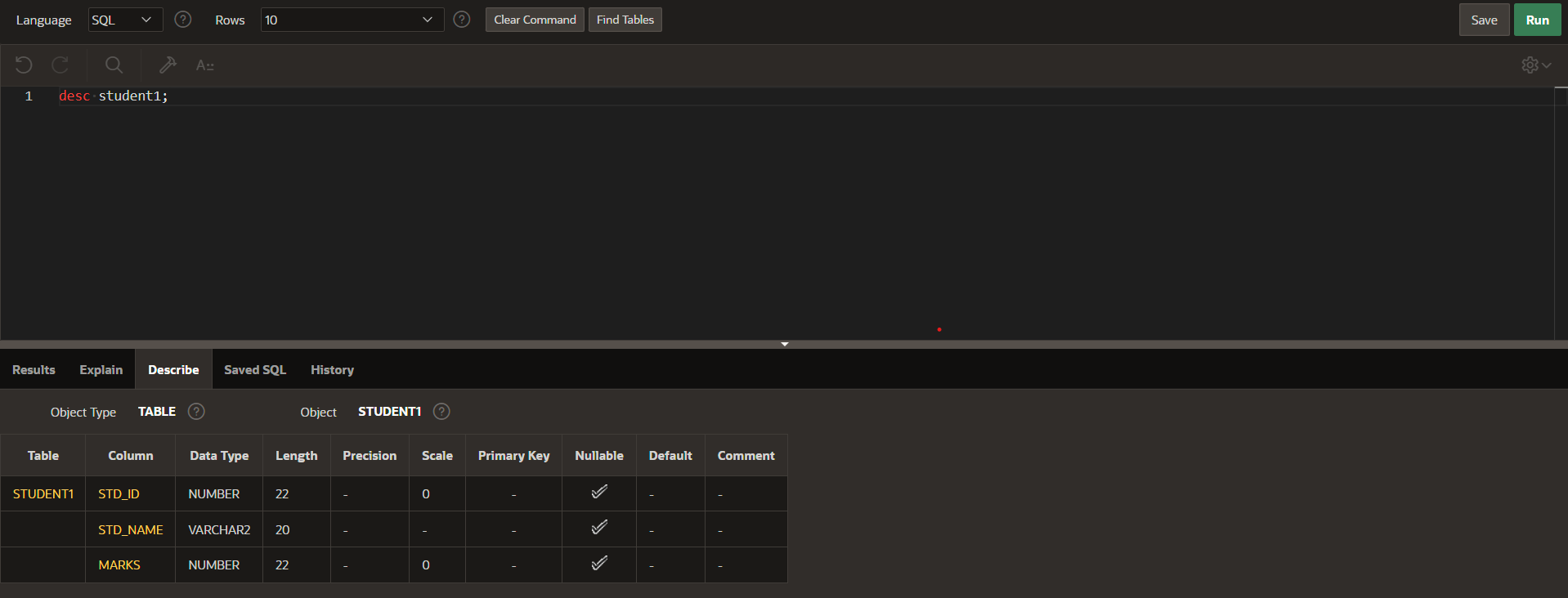
* **Modifying Table:**

alter table student1 add marks int;



* **Describing Table:**

desc student1;



* **Inserting Values into Table:**

insert into student1

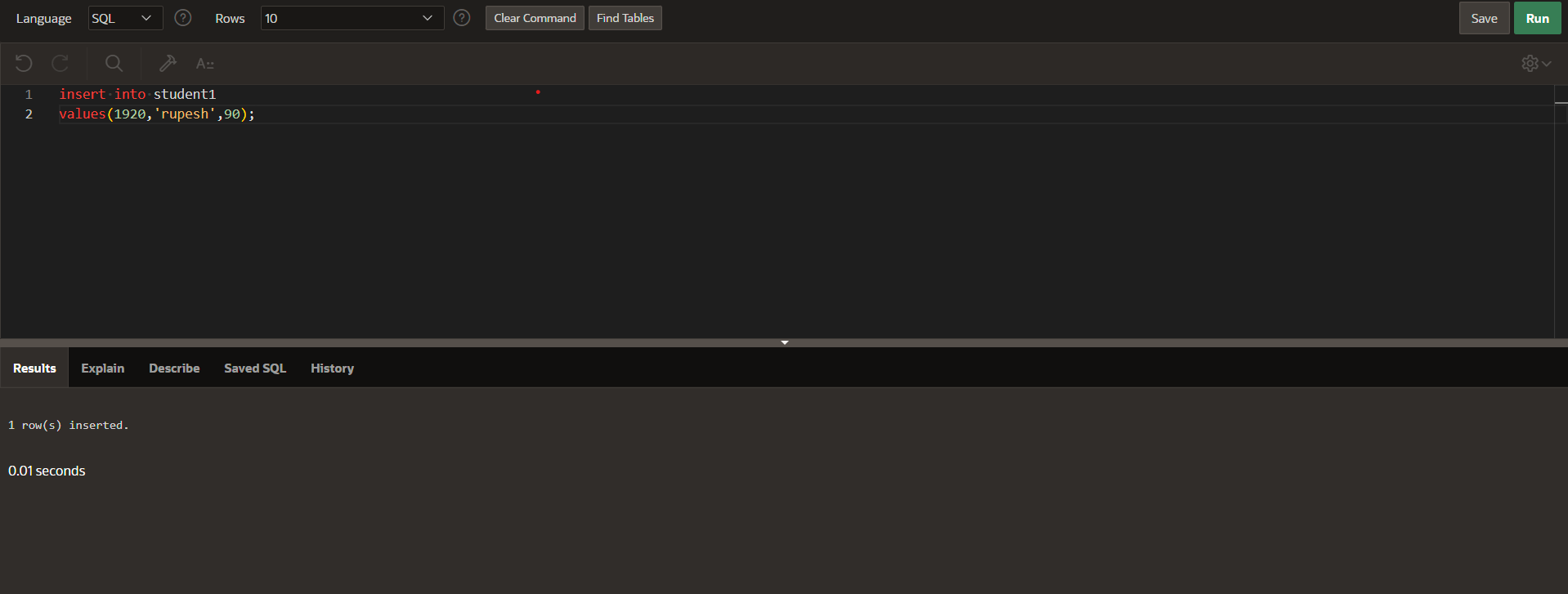
values(1920,'rupesh',90);

insert into student1

values(1921,’uday',85);

insert into student1

values(1922,’harshit’,87);

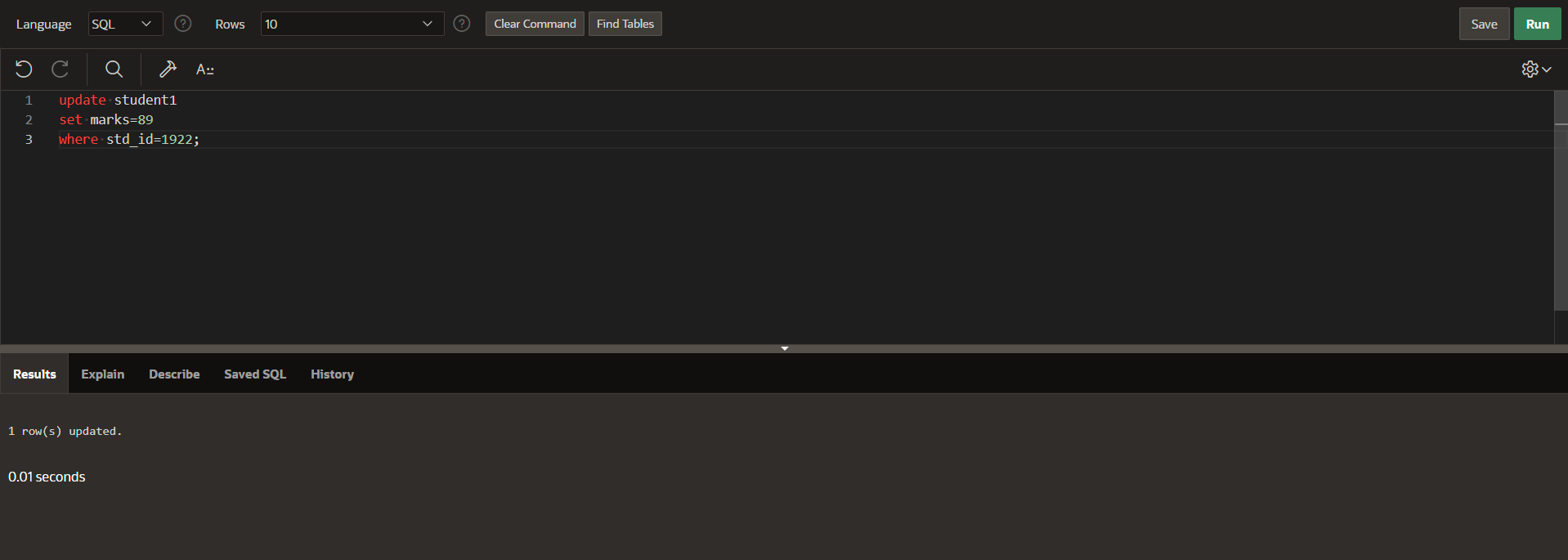


* **Updating The Values in Table;**

update student1

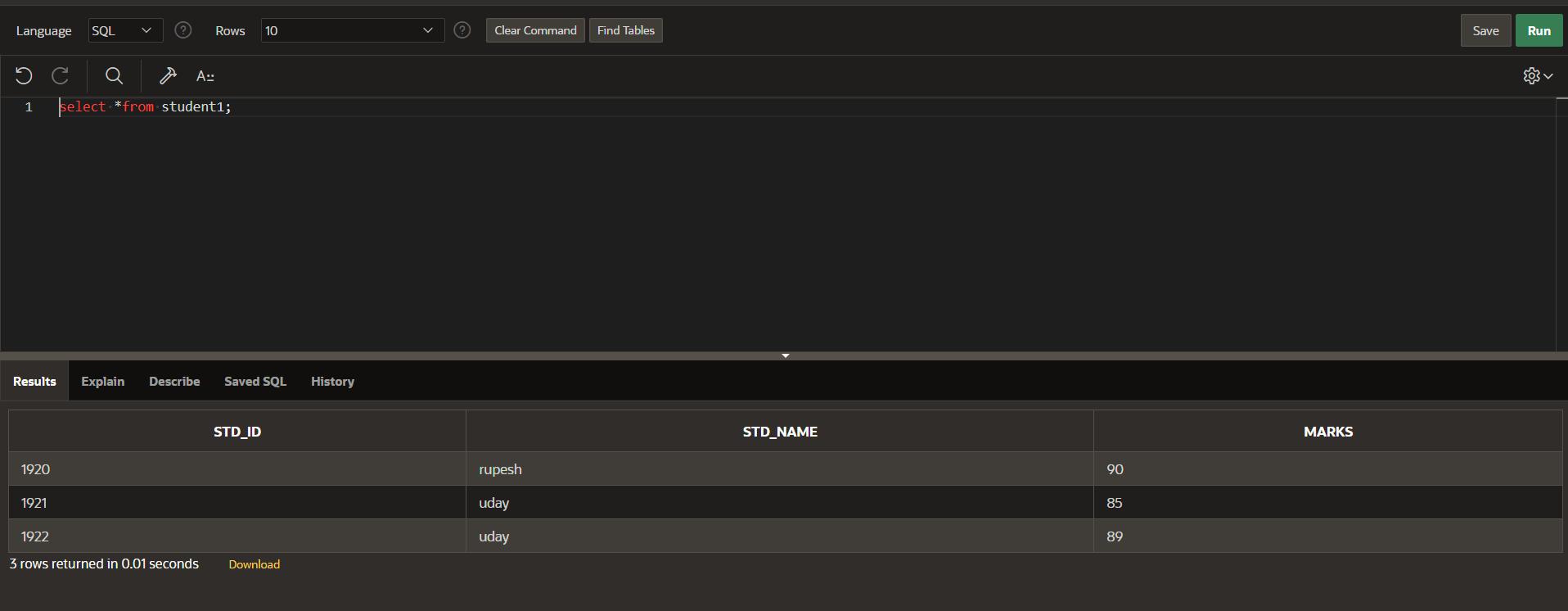
set marks=89

where std\_id=1922;



* **Displaying The Table with Data:**

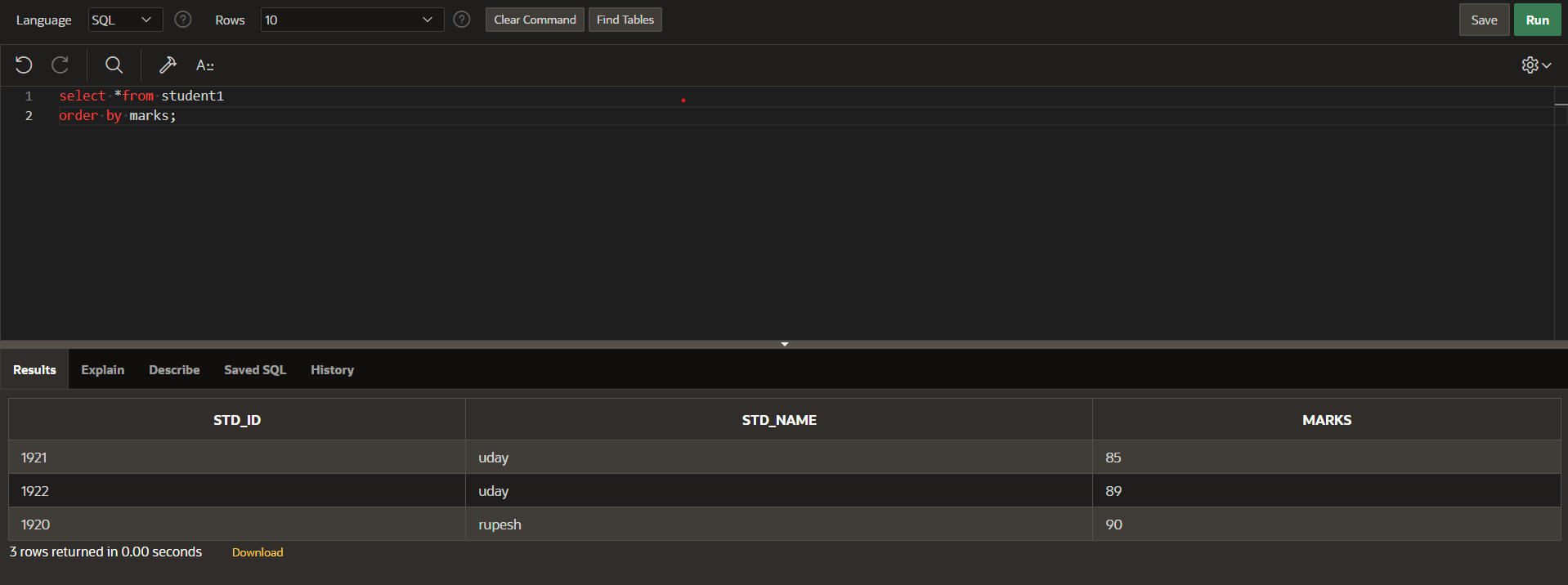
select \*from student1;



* **Displaying The Table In Order of Marks:**

select \*from student1

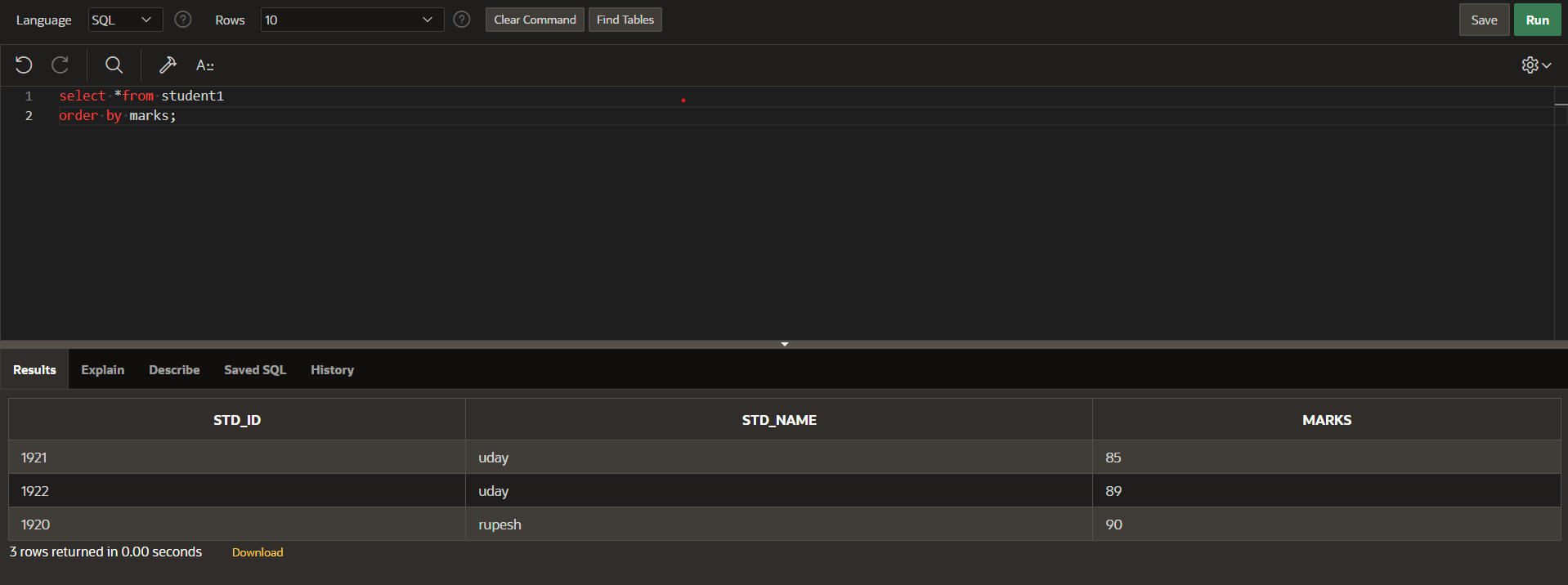
order by marks;



* **Displaying Minimum Marks from Table**:

select min(marks)

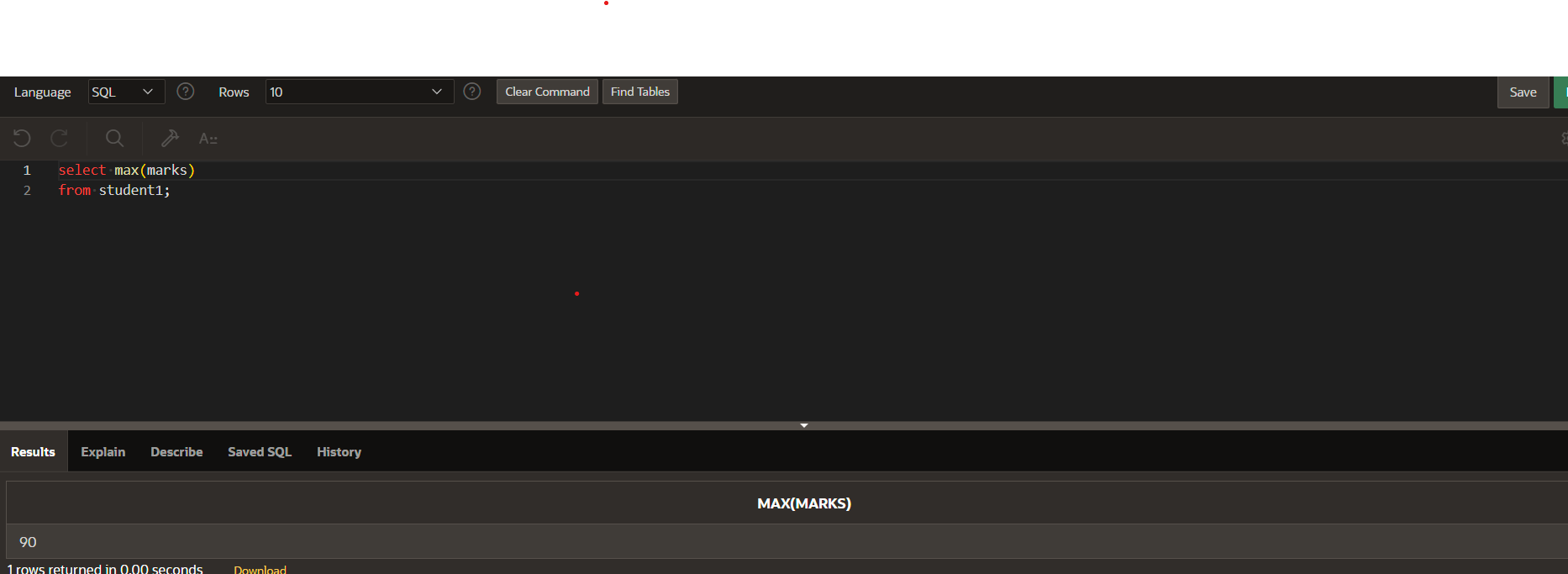
from student1;



* **Displaying Maximum Marks from Table:**

select max(marks)

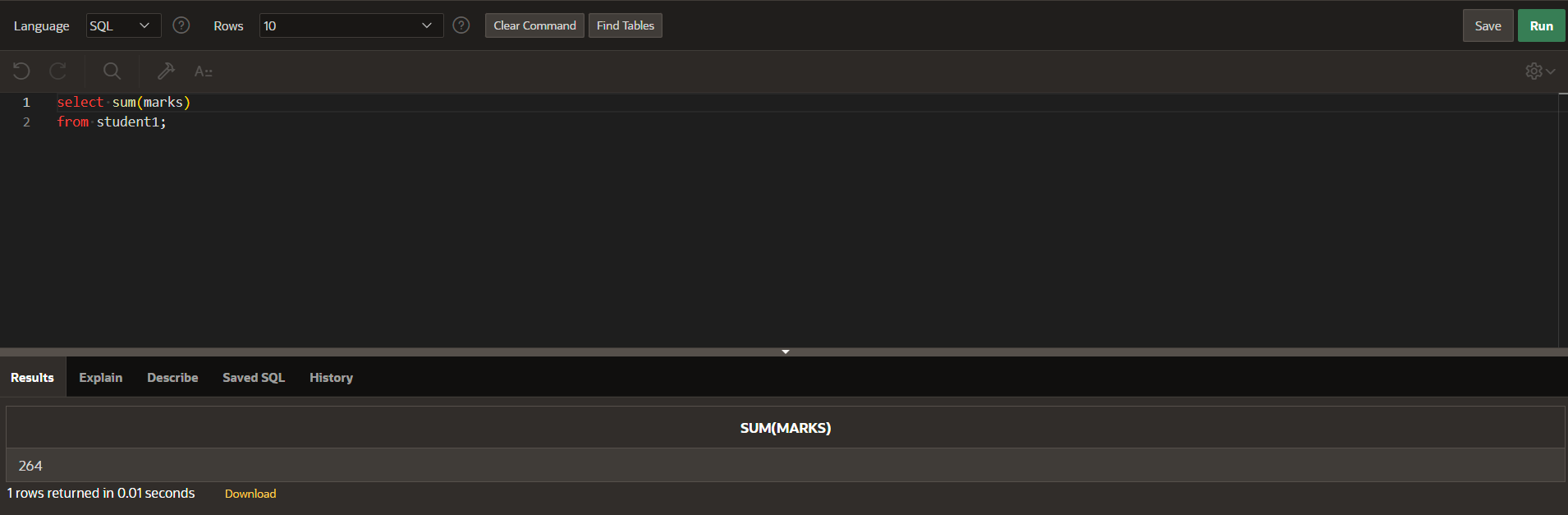
from student1;



* **Displaying The Sum of All Marks:**

select sum(marks)

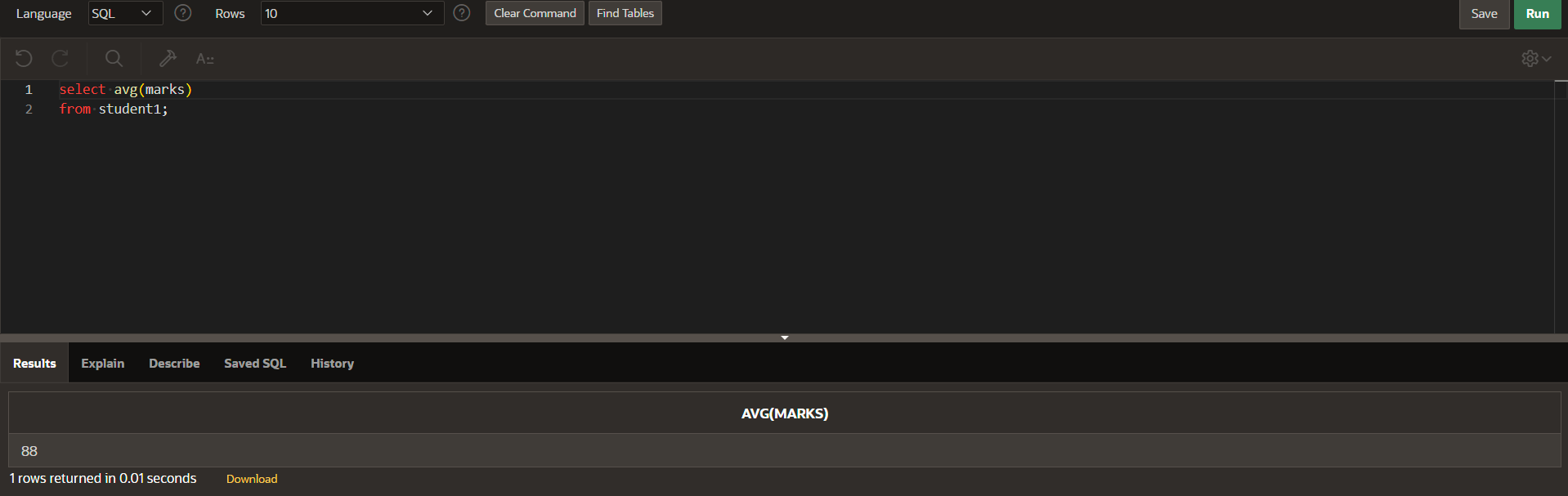
from student1;



* **Displaying Average of Marks:**

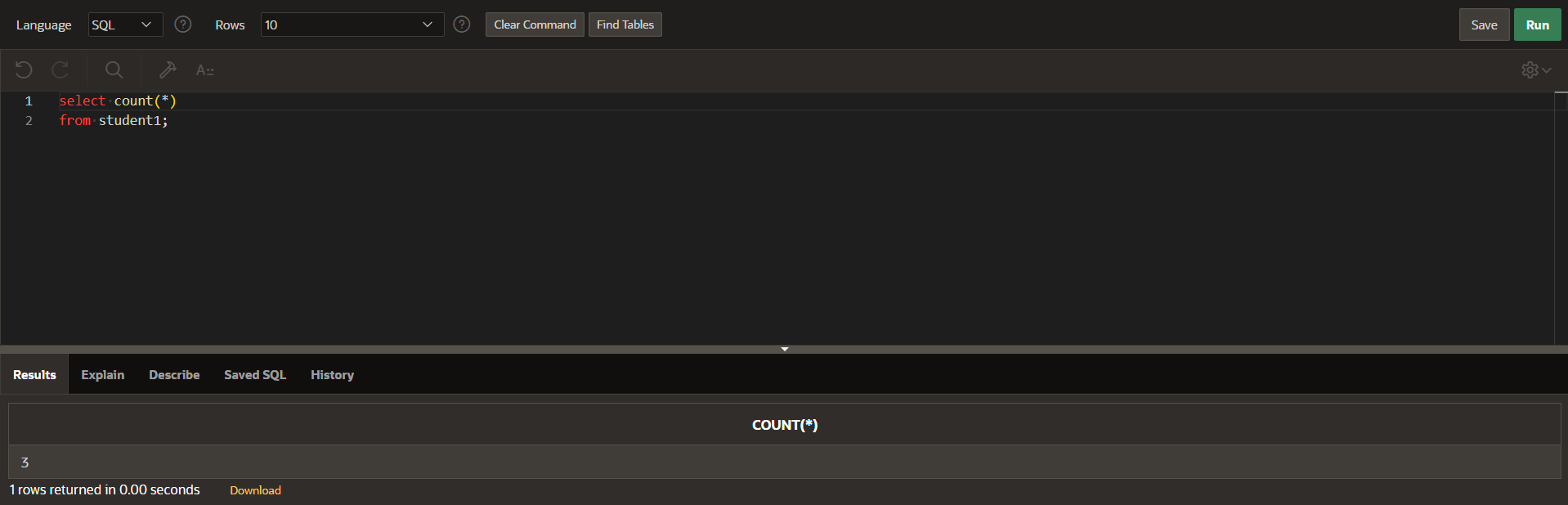
select avg(marks)

from student1;



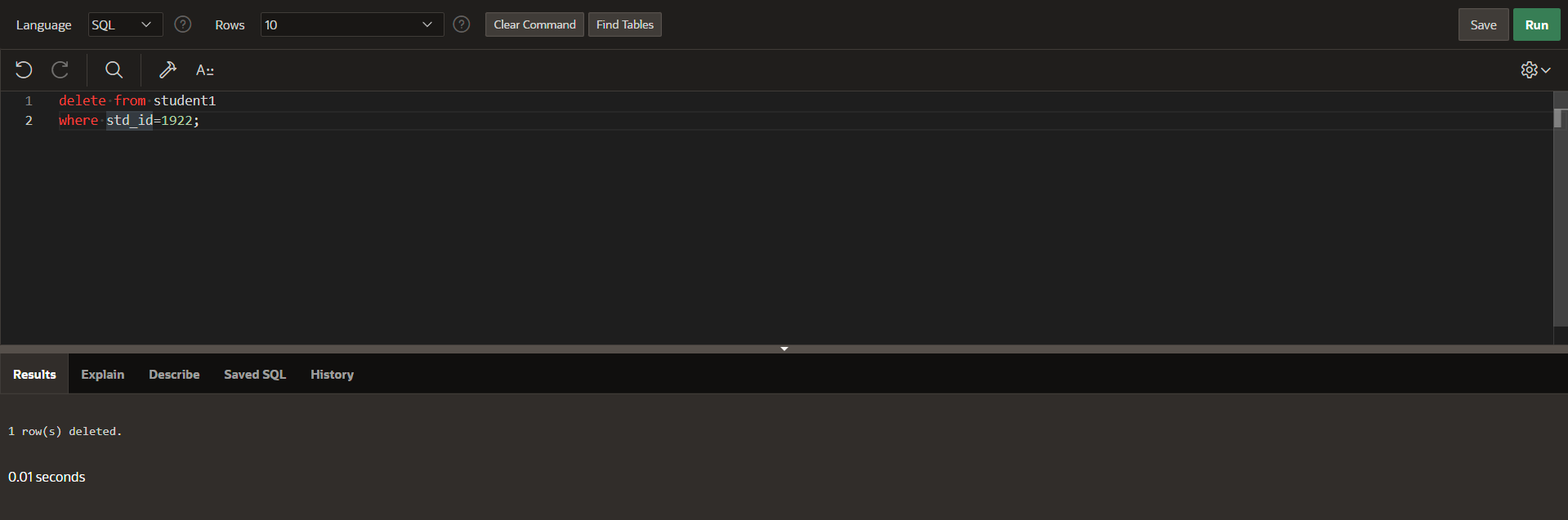
* **Counting Number of Students:**

select count(\*)

from student1; 

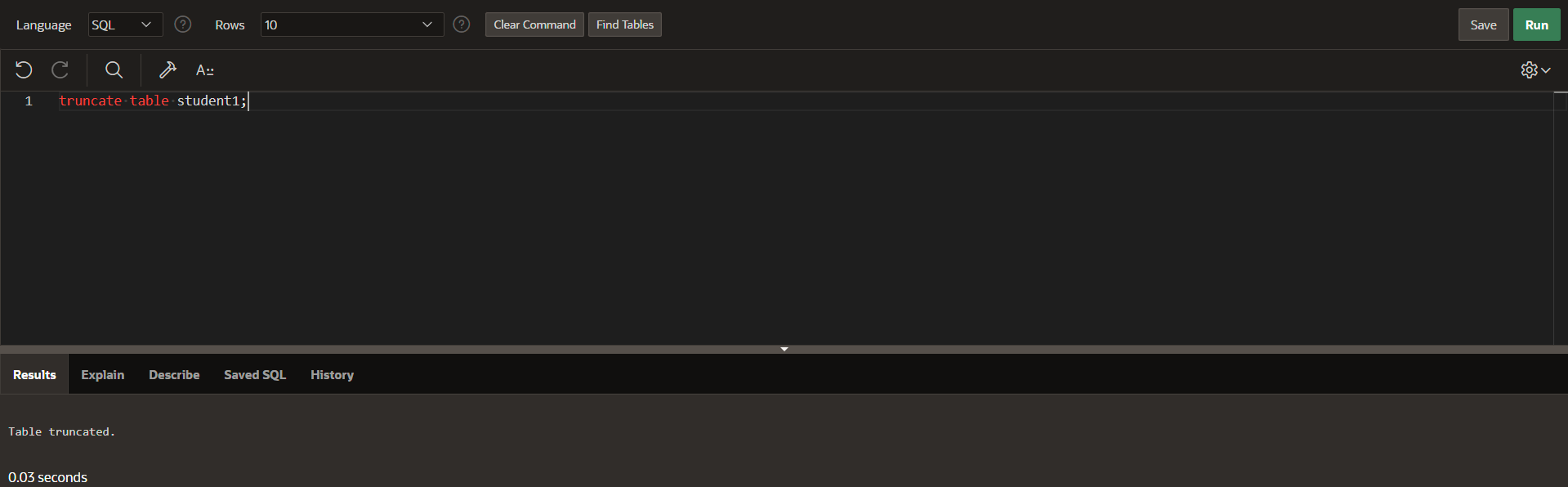
* **Deleting a Row:**

delete from student1

where std\_id=1922; 

* **Truncate The Table:**

truncate table student1;



* **Drop The Table:**

drop table student1;

